The Renaissance: Lessons 1A, 1B and 1C

Name: ______________________________

Due date: SEPTEMBER 7, 2011

1. What does the word, Renaissance, mean?
   a. rebirth
   b. rebuilding
   c. reinventing
   d. rediscovery

2. What is the name of the artistic technique in which smoky contours, rather than bold outlines were used by artists such as Leonardo da Vinci?
   a. pointillism
   b. abstraction
   c. sfumato
   d. cubism

3. Where did the Renaissance in painting begin?
   a. Paris
   b. London
   c. Flanders
   d. Egypt

4. Where did the Renaissance in sculpture begin?
   a. Rome, Italy
   b. Paris, France
   c. Florence, Italy
   d. London, England

5. Which “Late Gothic” artist painted, The Arnolfini Marriage?
   a. Donatello
   b. Michelangelo
   c. Bosch
   d. Jan van Eyck

6. What is a triptych?
   a. a large painting
   b. a 2-panel altarpiece
   c. a 3-panel altarpiece
   d. a sculpture of a bird or reptile

7. Who was considered the greatest sculptor of the 15th century?
   a. Donatello
   b. Jan van Eyck
   c. Botticelli
   d. Hieronymous Bosch
8. Which Italian Renaissance artist painted, *The Birth of Venus*?
   a. Jan van Eyck  
   b. Sandro Botticelli  
   c. Raphael  
   d. Michelangelo  

9. Who painted the ceiling of the *Sistine Chapel* in less than 4 years?
   a. Raphael  
   b. Leonardo da Vinci  
   c. Donatello  
   d. Michelangelo Buonarrati  

10. What is represented by the single candle in the chandelier found in the painting entitled, *The Arnolfini Marriage*?
    a. the Holy Spirit  
    b. Jesus Christ, Light of the World  
    c. The Holy Trinity  
    d. The Ten Commandments  

11. What is the name of the river which flows through Rome, Italy?
    a. Seine  
    b. Thames  
    c. Arno  
    d. Tiber  

11. Which famous sculpture of *David*, is wearing a hat?
    a. Michelangelo’s  
    b. Donatello’s  
    c. Raphael’s  
    d. Leonardo da Vinci’s  

12. Which Italian Renaissance artist painted, *The School of Athens*?
    a. Michelangelo  
    b. Raphael  
    c. Botticelli  
    d. el Greco  

13. Which Italian Renaissance artist painted, *The Last Supper*?
    a. Michelangelo  
    b. Titian  
    c. Tintoretto  
    d. Leonardo da Vinci  

14. Who designed the dome for St. Peter’s Basilica?
    a. Jan van Eyck  
    b. Michelangelo  
    c. Bernini  
    d. Botticelli
15. Which of the following were Late Renaissance (Mannerist) artists?
a. Michelangelo and Leonardo da Vinci  
b. Jan van Eyck and Hieronymous Bosch  
c. Donatello and Botticelli  
d. Titian and Tintoretto

16. Which Mannerist artist was known for elongated figures, which can be found in his work entitled, The Burial of Count Orgaz?
   a. Tintoretto  
b. Michelangelo  
c. Botticelli  
d. El Greco

17. Who was the first Christian martyr, shown in the painting, The Burial of Count Orgaz?
   a. St. Andrew  
b. St. Thomas  
c. St. Stephen  
d. St. Peter

18. Which Mannerist artist painted, Bacchus and Ariadne?
   a. Titian  
b. Simone Martini  
c. Raphael  
d. El Greco

19. Which three artists gave us a “sneak peak” at the Renaissance?
   a. Cimabue, Duccio and Giotto  
b. Botticelli, Donatello and Raphael  
c. Michelangelo, Da Vinci and Raphael  
d. Bosch, Jan van Eyck and Grunewald

20. Which Renaissance artist sculpted, The Pieta, which can be seen today in St. Peter’s Basilica?
   a. Botticelli  
b. El Greco  
c. Michelangelo  
d. Leonardo da Vinci

MATCH THE PAINTING WITH THE ARTIST:
1. Garden of Earthly Delights  ______ A - Michelangelo  
2. La Primavera  ______ B - Titian  
3. Virgin of the Rocks  ______ C - Botticelli  
4. The Creation of Man  ______ D - Bosch  
5. Bacchus and Ariadne  ______ E – Leonardo da Vinci

BONUS: (2 points each)
1. In which country is Florence located? ____________________________
2. Who painted the Mona Lisa? ____________________________